

## %gag reflex 3% Reflexive Generalized Inverse Mathematics Stack Exchange

Prove that  $a = a \circ gag^{-1}$  Mathematics.

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Original URL: <https://tools.orientwatchusa.com/gag-reflex-3.pdf>

Sep 26 2022 Definition  $G$  is a generalized inverse of  $A$  if and only if  $AGA=A.G$  is said to be reflexive if and only if  $GAG=G$

I was trying to solve the problem If  $A$  is a matrix and  $G$  be it s generalized inverse then  $G$  is reflexive if and only if  $\text{rank } A = \text{rank } G$  Sep 20 2015 Your proof of the second part works perfectly moreover you can simply omit the reasoning  $\$ gag^{-1} \cdot 2 = e \$$  since this is exactly what you ve done in part 1 Dec 7 2011 We have a group  $\$G\$$  where  $\$a\$$  is an element of  $\$G\$$

Then we have a set  $\$Z = \{g \in G \mid ga = ag\} \$$  called the centralizer of  $\$a\$$ . If I have an  $\$x \in Z \$$  how Sep 7 2024 This is an exercise in Weibel quot Homological Algebra quot chapter 6 on group cohomology. For reference this is on Page 183

So the question was asking us to Dec 5 2018 Try checking if the element  $\$ghg^{-1} \$$  you thought of is in  $\$C(gag^{-1}) \$$  and then vice versa Jan 3 2019 The stabilizer subgroup we defined above for this action on some set  $\$A \subseteq G \$$  is the set of all  $\$g \in G \$$  such that  $\$gAg^{-1} = A \$$  which is exactly the normalizer subgroup  $\$N_G(A) \$$ ! Jul 1 2016 I am trying to prove that  $\$gAg^{-1} \subseteq A \$$  implies  $\$gAg^{-1} = A \$$  where  $A$  is a subset of some group  $G$  and  $g$  is a group element of  $G$

This is stated without proof in Dummit and Foote Disclaimer This is not exactly an explanation but a relevant attempt at understanding conjugates and conjugate classes Sep 27 2015 Let  $H$  is a Subgroup of  $G$ . Now if  $H$  is not normal if any element  $\$\{g \in G\} \$$  doesn t commute with  $H$

Now we want to find if not all  $\$\{g \in G\} \$$  then which are the elements of  $G$  that commute with every element of  $H$ ? they are normalizer of  $H$ . i.e. the elements of  $G$  that vote yes for  $H$  when asked to commute

Hence  $\$N_G(H) = \{g \in G \mid gH = Hg\} \$$  Now Centralizer of an element  $\$\{a \in G \$$  Jul 9 2015  $\$1 \$\$ gag^{-1} \cdot 1 = g^{-1} \cdot 1 \cdot a \cdot 1 = ga^{-1} \cdot 1 = ga^{-1} \$$   
 $\$2 \$ \$ ga \cdot g^{-1} = g \cdot bg^{-1} = g \cdot ab \cdot g^{-1} \$$  I m stuck at this point Is it correct so far? is.

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